Science and Technology Create Perfection

# Installation and Operating Manual SR1188 SOLAR CONTROLLER

For Split Pressurized Hot Water System



▲ Read the instruction carefully please before operation!

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#### 1. Safety information

#### 1.1 Installation and commissioning

- When laying cables, please ensure that no damage occurs to any of the constructional fire safety measures presented in the building.
- The controller must not be installed in rooms where easily inflammable gas mixtures are present or may occur.
- The permissible environmental conditions can't be exceeded at the site of installation.
- Before connecting the device, make sure that the energy supply matches the specifications that controller requires.
- All devices connected to the controller must conform to the technical specifications of the controller.
- All operations on an open regulator are only to be conducted cleared from the power supply. All safety regulations for working on the power supply are valid.
- Connecting and /or all operations that require opening the regulator (e.g. changing the fuse) are only to be conducted by specialists.

#### 1.2 About this manual

This manual describes the installation, function and operation of a solar thermal controller. When installing the remaining components e.g. the solar collectors, pump assemblies and the storage unit, are sure to observe the appropriate installation instructions provided by each manufacturer. Only trained professional personnel may only perform installation, electrical connection, commissioning and maintenance of the device. The professional personnel must be familiar with this manual and follow the instructions contained herein.

#### 1.3 Liability waiver

The manufacturer cannot monitor the compliance with these instructions or the circumstances and methods used for installation, operation, utilization and maintenance of this controller. Improper installation can cause damages to material and person. This is the reason why we do not take over responsibility and liability for losses, damages or cost that might arise due to improper installation, operation or wrong utilization and maintenance or that occurs in some connection with the aforementioned. Moreover we do not take over liability for patent infringements or infringements – occurring in connection with the use of this controller- on third parties rights. The manufacturer preserves the right to put changes to product, technical date or installation and operation instructions without prior notice. As soon as it becomes evident that safe operation is no longer possible (e.g. visible damage). Please immediate take the device out of operation. Note: ensure that the device cannot be accidentally placed into operation.

#### 1.4 Important remark

We have carefully checked the text and pictures of this manual and provided the best of our knowledge and ideas, however inevitable errors maybe exist. Please note that we cannot guarantee that this manual is given in the integrity of image and text, they are just some examples, and they apply only to our own system. Incorrect, incomplete and erroneous information and the resulting damage we do not take responsibility.

#### **1.5 Description of symbols**

Safety instruction:

The safety instructions in the manual are marked with a warning triangle. They indicate measures, which can lead to personal injury and safety risks.

**Operation steps:** small triangle "▶"is used to indicate operation step.

Notes: Contains important information about operation or function.

#### **1.6 Description of buttons**

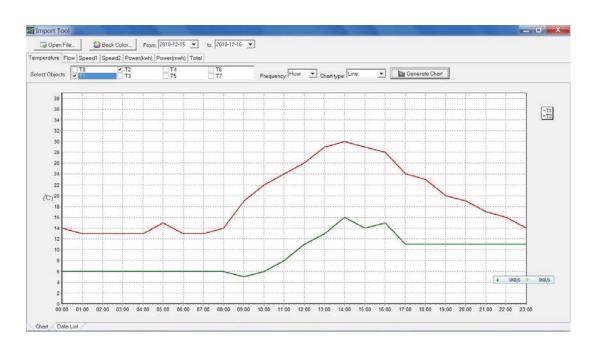


#### 2. Overview

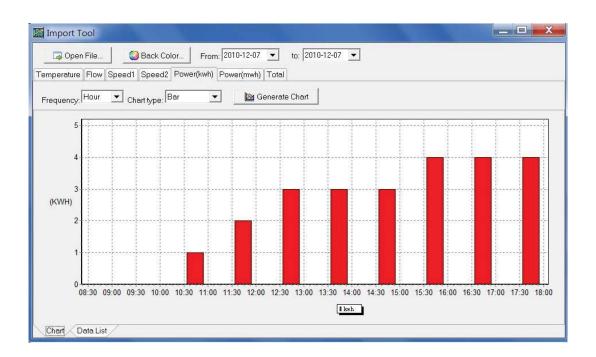
#### 2.1 Introduction of controller

- LCD display
- 5 relay outputs
- 8 sensor inputs
- 2 PWM outputs for speed control of pump
- Data saved on S D card(Picture1,2)
- ELA485 remote control(Picture3)
- Timing and temperature set point control function
- Energy saved on/off operation model

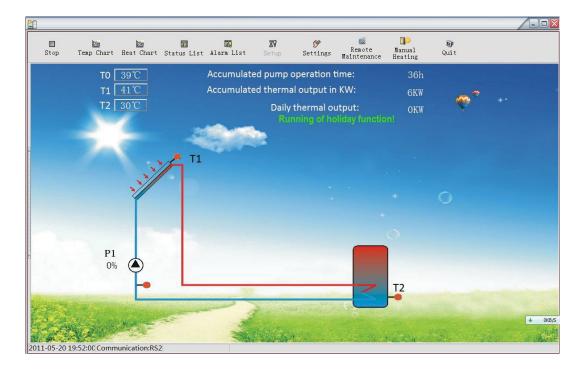




Picture1



#### Picture2



Picture3

#### 2.2 Scope of delivery

- 1 x controller
- 1 x user manual
- 3 x screw and dowel
- 2 x PT1000 sensor (φ6\*50mm,length of cable 1.5 meter)
- 5 x NTC10K ( $\phi$ 6\*50mm, length of cable 3 meter)
- 1 x bag of strain relief

#### 2.3 Technical data

- Material of cases: ABS
- Water proof grade: IP 40
- Available ambient temperature: 0 ... 40 °C
- Dimensions: 200 x 155 x 47 mm
- Mounting: on wall or in the electrical cases
- Operation button: 8 operation buttons on panel
- Functions: controller used in solar hot water system and solar heating system, has functions like temperature difference control, thermal energy measuring, accumulated running time of solar circuit pump, collector interval function, thermostat or, storage layer heated, priority logic, back-up heating, heat transferring, Anti-Legionella function, PWM pump speed etc.
- Communication port: SD card groove.
- Power supply: 200 ... 240V ~, 50 ... 60 H z
- Power consumption :< 3W
- Accuracy of temperature measuring : ±2°C
- Range of collector temperature measuring: -10- 200°C
- Range of tank or pipe temperature measuring: 0-110°C
- Inputs: 2 x Pt1000 sensor (≤500°C) for collector (silicon cable≤280°C),
  - 5 x NTC10K, B3950 sensor ( $\leq 135^{\circ}$ C) for tank, (PVC cable  $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C),
  - 1 x ELA485 remote control connection
- Outputs: 5 relays outputs (each available power<300W); 2 PWM outputs (<200W)
- Ambient temperature: -10-50 °C
- Water proof grade: IP40

Note: SD card isn't included within the delivery scope of controller.

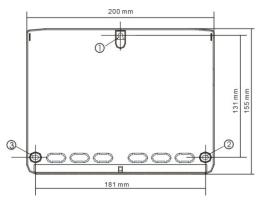
#### 3. Installation

Controller can only be installed indoors, far away from dangerous place and away from the electromagnetic field.

#### 3.1 Installing controller

**Note:** the controller can only be mounted in an area having an adequate level of protection.

- ► Determine the mounting site of controller.
- Drill the upper fixing hole on the wall.
- ► Fasten a screw.
- Move the terminal cover



- ► Hang the base plate on the position ①( showed in picture)
- ► Mark the position of 2 bottom holes ② ③
- Remove the base plate
- Drill the bottom fixing hole
- $\blacktriangleright$  Rehang the base plate on screw 1
- ► Fasted screw on ② ③ and fix base plate.

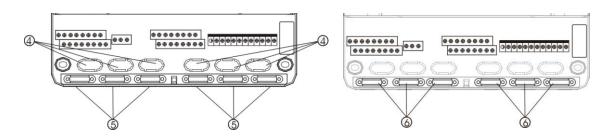
#### 3.2 Wire arrangement

Depending on the type of installation, the cables may enter the controller through the rear hole of the case ④ or the lower side hole of the case ⑤

**Cable comes from the rear hole** ④: Remove the plastic flaps from the rear side of the case using an appropriate tool.

**Cable comes from the below hole** (5): Cut the left and right plastic flaps using an appropriate tool (e.g. knife) and break them out of the case.

Notes: the flexible wire must be fastened on the case using the clamps provided



#### **3.3 Terminal connection**



Before to open the terminal, please be sure to switch-off the power and pay attention to the local electricity supply rules.

Input ports

h	nput	por	ts								
(	⊕ €	₽ €	₽€	€ €	₽€	₽ €	€	₽			
	₽	⊕	⊕	€	0	€	⊕				
	Ц	Ц	Ц		Ц	Ц	Ц	Ц	A	В	GND
	TO (	[] (	[2] (	<u>[3] (</u>	(1)	5 (	[6] (	T7	VB	us(	485)

Inputs T0~T1: For PT1000 temperature sensor, used for measuring the temperature of collector and thermal energy produced.

Inputs T2  $\sim$  T7: for NTC10K, B=3950 temperature sensor, used for measuring the temperature of storage or pipe.

VBus (485): for ELA485 remote control connection.

#### Advice regarding the installation of temperature sensors:

Only original factory enclosed Pt1000 temperature sensors are approved for use with the collector, it is equipped with 1.5meter silicon cable and suitable for all weather conditions,

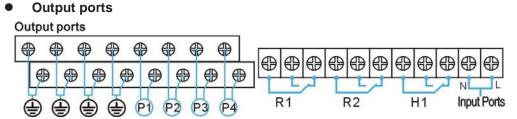
the silicon cable are temperature resistant up to 280°C, not necessary to distinguish the positive and negative polarity of the sensor connection.

Only original factory enclosed NTC10K,B=3950 temperature sensors are approved for use with tank and pipe, it is equipped with 3meter PVC cable, the pvc cable temperature resistant up to  $105^{\circ}$ C, not necessary to distinguish the positive and negative polarity of the sensor connection.

All sensor cables carry low voltage, and to avoid inductive effects, must not be laid close to 230 volt or 400-volt cables (minimum separation of 100mm)

If external inductive effects are existed, e.g. from heavy current cables, overhead train cables, transformer substations, radio and television devices, amateur radio stations, microwave devices etc, then the cables to the sensors must be adequately shielded.

Sensor cables may be extended to a maximum length of ca. 100 meters, when cable's length is up to 50m, and then  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2$  cable should be used. When cable's length is up to 100m, and then  $1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  cable should be used.



Input Ports: Input ports L, N is power connection terminal, please connect correctly(L:phase line N:Neut line).

 $(\square)$  is Ground line terminal.

Output P1: Semiconductor relay (SCR relay), for solar circuit pump, also suitable for RPM (speed) control; Max. Switching current: 1A.

Output P2: Semiconductor relay (SCR relay), for solar circuit pump, also suitable for RPM (speed) control; Max. Switching current: 1A.

Output P3: Electromagnetic relay and Max. Switching current 3.5A,

Output P4: Electromagnetic relay and Max. Switching current 3.5A,

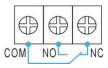
Output R1: Electromagnetic relay and Max. Switching current 3.5A, for T type electromagnetic valve

Output R2: Electromagnetic relay and Max. Switching current 3.5A, for T type electromagnetic valve

Output H1: Electromagnetic relay and Max. Switching current 3.5A, for back-up heater or T type electromagnetic valve.

#### Note:

 R1~R2 used for controlling the electromagnetic valve, and "COM NC" is always close port, "COM NO" is always open port.



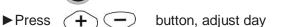
- Circuit pump is connected to port "COM NO" (always open valve).
- Depending on the solar system selection, pump and sensors should be connected to the controller are different, all wires should be installed in protection pipe.

#### 4. Commissioning

Connect the sensors, pumps or switching valves to the controller before you connect the power supply! After switching on power to the controller, firstly it will ask for to set the time, password and parameters of system.

#### 4.1 Set Time/week/day/yue/year

- ▶ Press m button, "TIME" displays on the screen
- ▶ Repress (②) button, hour "00" blinks
- ▶ Press (+) (-) button, adjust hour
- ▶ Press (②) button, minute "00" blinks
- ▶ Press (+) → button, adjust minute, then
- ▶ Press (②) button, week "MO" blinks
- ▶ Press (+) → button, adjust weekday
- ▶ Press (②) button, "Year" blinks
- ▶ Press (+) (-) button, adjust year.
- ▶ Press (②) button, "month" blinks
- ▶ Press (+) → button, adjust month
- ▶ Press (②) button, "day" blinks







▶ Press (Esc) button, exit setting program, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically

Code	Meaning
MO	Monday
TU	Tuesday
WE	Wednesday
TH	Thursday
FR	Friday
SA	Saturday
SU	Sunday

#### 4.2 SCH system selection

Under standby status,

► Press SET button, and then press + button, "PWD 0000" appears on the screen, then press SET again, and the left digital blinks, it asks for entering password (default password is 0000).

▶ Press + → button to enter the first digital of password.

- ► Then press (SET) button, the second digital blinks,
- ▶ Press + → button to enter the second digital

of password.

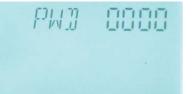
- ► Then press (SET) again, the third digital blinks,
- ► Then press (SET) again, the forth digital blinks,
- Press (-) button to enter the forth digital of password.

After password entering, then press (SET) to enter main menu, "SCH 01" appears on the screen.

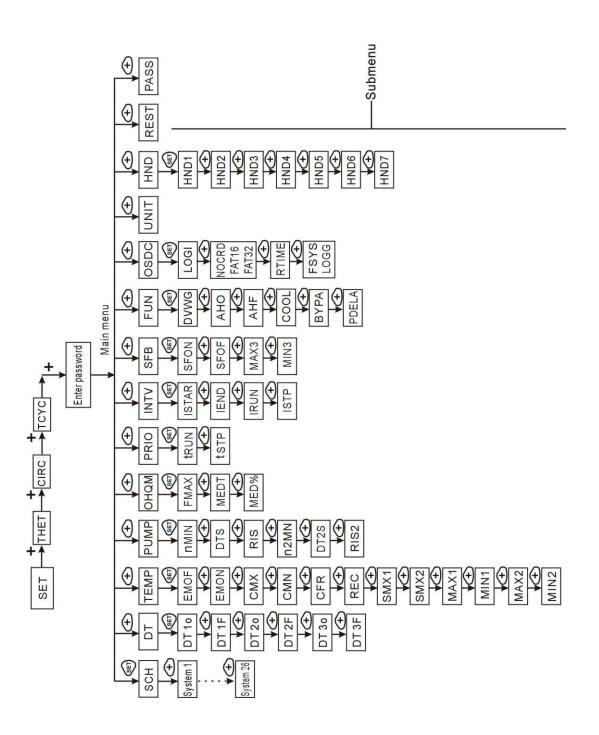
► Repress (SET) to select system, "01" blinks, and the first solar system showed on the screen.

▶ Press + → → button, to scroll the solar system and select one suitable for your system. SCH1 to SCH26 systems are available.

▶ Press (ESC) to exit system setup, or wait for 20 seconds to exit set program automatically, the selected system is saved automatically.



#### 4.3 Menu structure



#### Submenu:

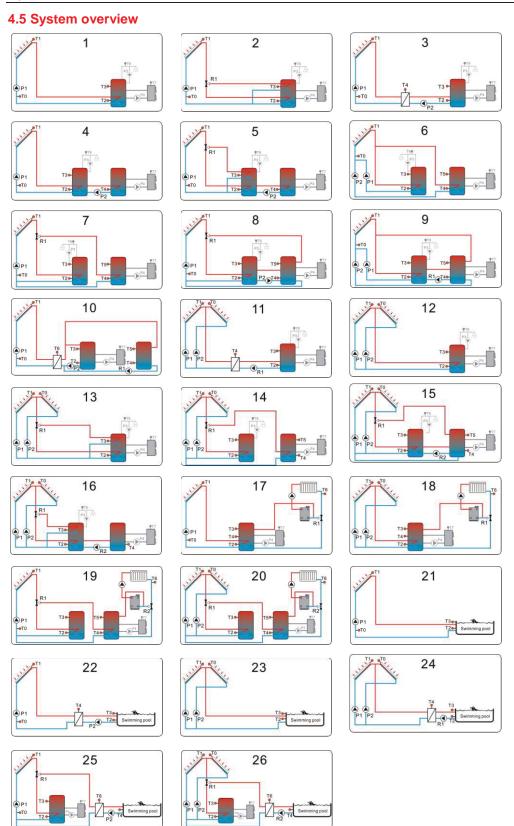
Through submenu, user can set the parameter as desired value, please check it carefully.

**Note**: since the selected solar system is different, and then menu details for the according system are different.

#### 4.4 Menu description

4.4 Menu description				
Code (Main menu)	Code (Submenu)	Code (Submenu)	Menu Description	
SCH			For set desired system	
DT			For set the operation temperature difference	
TEMP			For set relevated temperatures	
	EMOF		The maximum switch-off temperature of collector	
	EMON		The maximum switch-on temperature of collector	
	СМХ		The maximum temperature of collector (Collector cooling function)	
	CMN		Low temperature protection of collector	
	CFR		Frost protection of collector	
	REC		Tank recooling function	
	SMX1		The Maximum temperature of storage 1	
	SMX2		The Maximum temperature of storage 2	
	SMAX5		Sensor set of the maximum temperature of storage 2	
	MAX1		The maximum switch off temperature (for heat transferring between storage and heating return)	
	MIN1		The minimum switch-on temperature ( for heat transferring between storage and heating return)	
	MAX2		The maximum switch-off temperature (for heat transferring between heat exchanger and storage)	
	MIN2		The minimum switch-on temperature (for heat transferring between heat exchanger and storage)	
PUMP			For set the speed parameters of circuit pump	
	nMIN		Speed adjust of circuit pump 1 (RPM control)	
	DTS		Standard temperature difference of pump 1 (for speed adjust of circuit pump 1)	
	RIS		Increase scale of pump 1 (for speed adjust of circuit pump 1)	
	n2MN		Speed adjust of circuit pump 2 (RPM control)	
	DT2S		Standard temperature difference of pump 2 (for speed adjust of circuit pump 2)	
	RIS2		Increase scale of pump 2 (for speed adjust of circuit pump 2)	
OHQM			For thermal energy measuring	
	FMAX		Flow rate	
	MEDT		Type of heat transfer liquid	
	MED%		Concentration of heat transfer liquid	
PRIO			Storage priority heating	
	tRUN		Pump running time	
	tSTP		Pump interval time	
INTV			For timing function	
	ISTAR		Switch-on time of timing function	
	IEND		Switch-off time of timing function	

	IRUN	Pump interval run-on time
	ISTP	Pump interval run-off time
SFB		For turn on/off the solid fuel boiler
	SFON	The minimum turn-on temperature of storage
	SFOF	The maximum turn-off temperature of storage
	MAX3	The maximum temperature for switch-off solid fuel boiler
	MIN3	The minimum temperature for switch-on solid fuel boiler
FUN		Auxiliary functions
	DVWG	Anti legionnaires' function
	AHO	The switch-on temperature of auto thermostat
	AHF	The switch-off temperature of auto thermostat
	COOL	High temperature cooling
	BYPA	By pass (high temperature)
	PDELA	Circuit pump delay triggering function
OSDC		SD card function
	LOGI	Data save interval ( in minute)
	NOCRD	No card in groove
	FAT16	Memory < 2G
	FAT32	Memory > 2G
	RTIME	left time available for saving data ( in day)
	FSYS	Error on system files
	LOGG	Possible to log
UNIT		Celsius and Fahrenheit temperature switch
HDN		Manual controlling
REST		Recovery to factory set
PASS		Password set



#### 4.6 System description

**Note:** storage temperature sensor T3, T5 are optional sensor, if these 2 sensors are not installed on the upper part of the storage, controller will adopt the temperature signal from sensors T2, T4 installed on the bottom part of storage to control back-up heater or circuit pump.

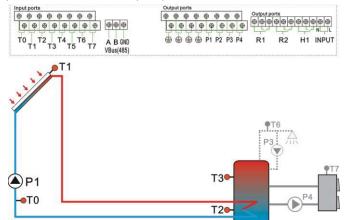
#### SCH 1 (Standard solar system, 1 Storage)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2 ( bottom part), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to the preset switch-on DT (DT<sub>on</sub>) or is over it, circuit pump P1 is triggered , and then storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DT<sub>off</sub>) or when the storage temperature rises up to its



preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	-
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	-	R1	-
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat or by pass	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling (BYPA) by pass
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 2 (1 Storage, T - valve layer heating)

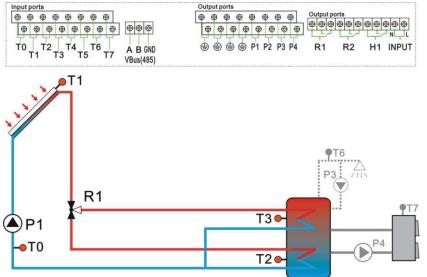
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), T3( $\Delta$ T2), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to the preset switch-on DT (DTon) or is over it, circuit pump P1 is triggered, and

simulanousely, T-Valve R1 switches to the according



part , and this part of the storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the bottom part of storage prior.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	-
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage	P4	-
T4	-	R1	T-valve heat the different part of storage
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat or by pass	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 3 (Standard system, heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

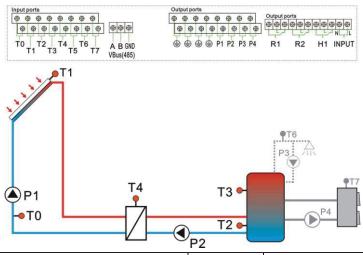
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2  $\,(\Delta T1)\,$ , if the temperature difference  $\,(DT)\,$  rises up to the preset switch-on DT  $\,(DTon)\,$  or is

over it, then correspondingly, circuit pump P1 is triggered , and the heat exchanger is heated until DT



drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the heat exchanger temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.

Note:Use another temperature difference between T4,T2 ( $\Delta$ T1) to control pump P2 can heat the storage. If T4 isn't installed, then when DT between collector T1 and storage T2 rises up to or exceeds the switch-on DT, circuit pump P1, P2 will be triggered at the same time, and they will keep running until DT drops to the switch-off DT (DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature, then both pumps are stopped. See detailed operation at 5.5.12 & 5.5.13.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For heat transferring pump
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the heat exchanger ( optional)	R1	-
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat or by pass	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling (BYPA) by pass
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 4 (2 Storages, heat transferring control logic)

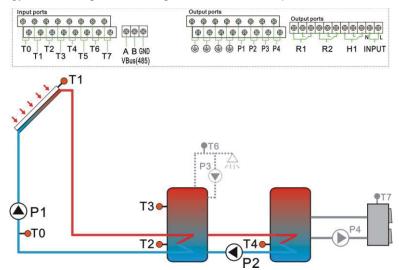
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds the preset switch-on DT (Don), the circuit pump P1 is triggered, and storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off



DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.

Use another temperature difference between T3,T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control pump P2 can transfer thermal energy from storage 1 to storage 2. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For heat transferring pump
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the storage 2	R1	-
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat or by pass	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling (BYPA) by pass
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 5 (Storage layer heated, heat exchanger control logic)

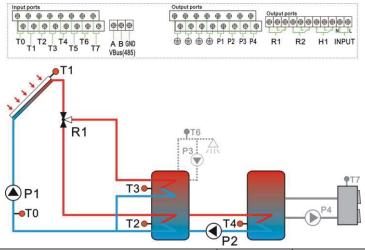
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1) ,T3( $\Delta$ T2), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds the preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered , and simultaneously, T-Valve R1



switches to the according part , and this part of the storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the bottom part of storage prior.

Use another temperature difference between T3,T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control pump P2 can transfer thermal energy from storage 1 to storage 2. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11.



		12		
Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description	
Т0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1	
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For heat transferring pump	
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-	
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1	P4	-	
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-valve heat the different part of storage	
T5	-	R2	-	
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater	
T7	-	-	-	

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

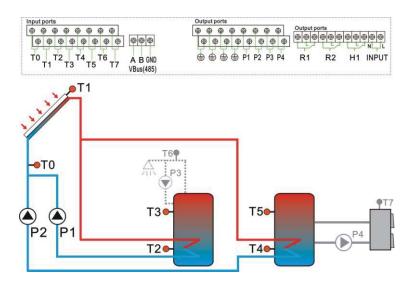
#### SCH 6 (2 Storages, Pump control logic)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4 ( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT(DTon), then the corresponding



circuit pump P1 / P2 is triggered , and storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1/P2 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the storage 1 prior.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

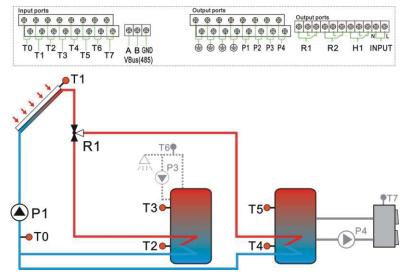
#### SCH 7 (2 Storages, Valve control logic)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, and simultaneously, T-Valve will



switch to the corresponding storage, and it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the storage 1 prior.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	-
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-valve switch to heat the different storage 1 /2
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 8 (2 Storages, Valve control logic, heat exchanger control logic)

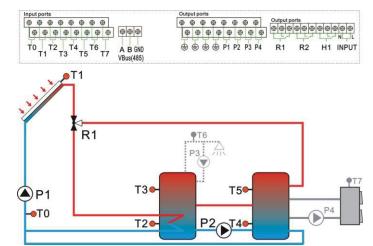
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, and simultaneously, T-Valve will switch to the corresponding storage, and it is heated



until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the storage 1 prior.

Another temperature difference between T4, T3 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control pump P2, it can transfer energy from storage 1 to storage 2.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For energy transferring pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-valve switch to heat the different storage 1 /2
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 9 (2 Storages, Pump control logic, heat exchanger control logic)

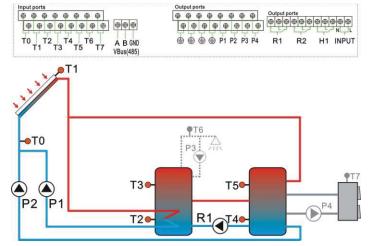
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 or P2 is triggered, and the corresponding storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or



when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 or P2 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat the storage 1 prior.

Another temperature difference between T4, T3 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control pump R1, it can transfer energy from storage 2 to storage 1.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	For heat transferring pump from storage 2 to storage 1
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 10 (2 Storages, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

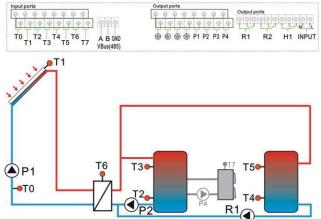
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4 ( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, and the heat exchanger is heated until



DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the heat exchanger temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.

Use another temperature difference between T6 and T2 ( $\Delta$ T1)  $\sim$  T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control P2,R1 can heat storage. Priority logic determines to heat the storage 1 prior.

**Note:** if T6 isn't installed, then when temperature difference (DT) between T1 & T2 ( $\Delta$ T1), T1 & T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) rises to switch-on DT, P1 & P2 or P1 & R1 are triggered at the same time, and it runs until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. See detailed operation at (5.5.12 & 5.5.13)



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For heat transferring pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	For heat transferring pump R1
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	Sensor on the heat exchanger(optional)	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 11 (East/west collectors, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

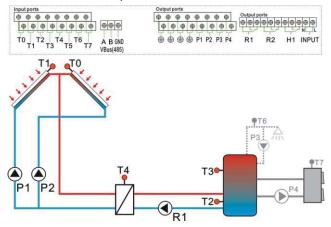
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then 2 corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 are triggered, and the heat exchanger is heated until DT drops to the switch-off



DT(DToff) or when the heat exchanger temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased.

Use another temperature difference between T4 and T2  $(\Delta T1)$  to control R1 can heat storage.

**Note:** if T4 isn't installed, then when temperature difference(DT)between T1,T0 & T2( $\Delta$ T1), rises to switch-on DT, P1, P2 and R1 are triggered at the same time, and it runs until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. See detailed operation at (5.5.12 & 5.5.13)



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the heat exchanger(optional)	R1	For heat transferring pump R1
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

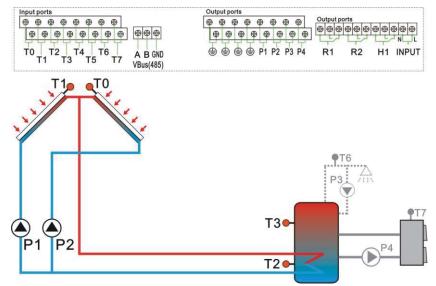
#### SCH 12 (East/west collectors, 1 storage)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then 2 corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 are triggered, and the storage is



heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	-	R1	
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

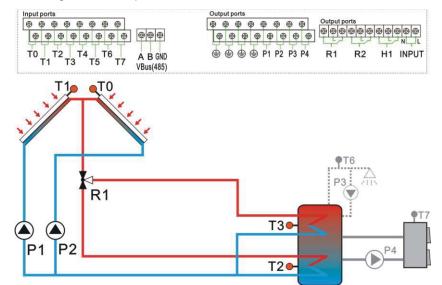
#### SCH 13 (East/west collectors, valve control logic, layer heating)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T3( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then 2 corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 are triggered, and



valve R1 switches to the corresponding part of storage, it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased. Priority logic determines the bottom part of storage is heated prior.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage	P4	-
T4	-	R1	T-Valve switches between upper and bottom storage.
T5	-	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

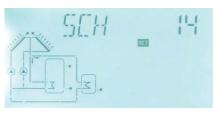
The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

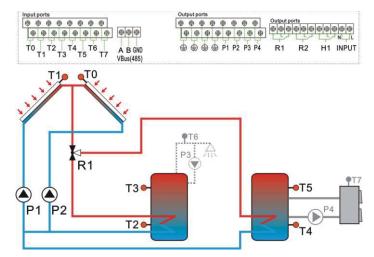
#### SCH 14 (East/west collectors, valve control logic, 2 storages)

#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1),T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then 2 corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 are triggered, and



valve R1 switches to the corresponding storage, it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased. Priority logic determines the storage 1 is heated prior.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-Valve switches between storage1 & 2.
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	-
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

## SCH 15 (East/west collectors, 2 storages , valve control logic, heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

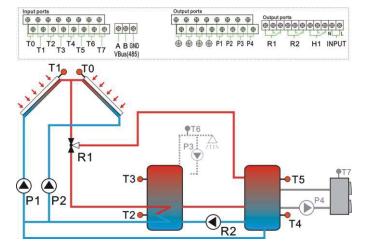
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage 1 T2( $\Delta$ T1), storage 2 T4 ( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 is



triggered, and valve R1 switches to the corresponding storage, it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased. Priority logic determines the storage 1 is heated prior.

Another temperature difference T4, T3 to control R2 can transfer heat from storage 2 to

storage 1.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-Valve switches between storage1 & 2.
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	Heat transferring pump
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

## SCH 16 (East/west collectors, 2 storages , valve control logic, heat exchanger control logic, layer heating)

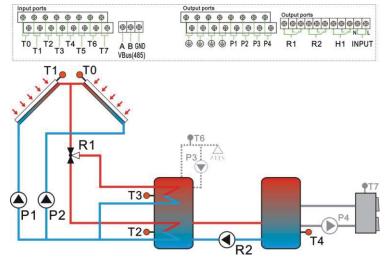
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1, T0 and storage 1 T2( $\Delta$ T1), T3 ( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the corresponding circuit pump P1,P2 is triggered, and valve R1 switches to the corresponding part of the



storage, it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased. Priority logic determines the bottom part of the storage is heated prior.

Another temperature difference T3, T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control R2 can heat storage 2. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-Valve switches between storage1 & 2.
T5		R2	Heat transferring pump
T6	-	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

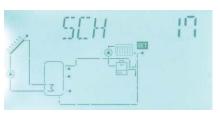
The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T6	For measuring the hot water temperature	P3	For DHW pump
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 17 (1 storages , Heating-return control logic)

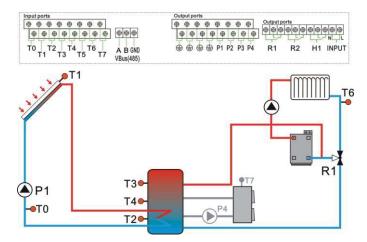
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, the storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature



rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1 is ceased.

Another temperature difference T4, T6 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control R1, it can heat heating-return. Note: if T4 isn't installed, then DT between T3, T6 to control R1 to heat heating-return. If T3, T4 both aren't installed, the DT between T2, T6 to control R1 to heat heating-return. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump
T1	Sensor on collector	P2	
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the middle part of storage (optional)	R1	T-Valve switches to heating- return
T5		R2	
T6	Sensor on the floor heating return	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

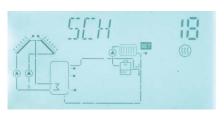
The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat Bypass	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling (BYPA) by pass
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 18 (east/west collectors, Heating-return control logic)

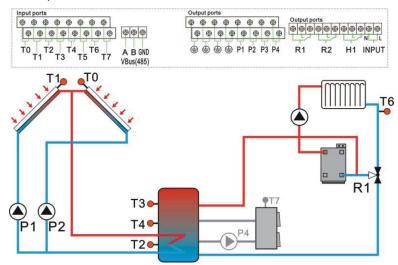
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T0, T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), if one of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT(DTon), then the corresponding circuit pumps P1,P2 are triggered, the storage is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or



when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased.

Another temperature difference T4, T6 ( $\Delta$ T2) to control R1, it can heat heating-return. Note: if T4 isn't installed, then DT between T3, T6 to control R1 to heat heating-return. If T3, T4 both aren't installed, then DT between T2, T6 controls R1 to heat heating-return. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on the west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the middle part of storage (optional)	R1	T-Valve switches to heating- return
T5		R2	
T6	Sensor on the floor heating return	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

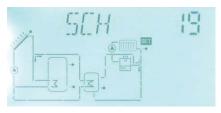
The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

## SCH 19 (2 storages, Valve, Heating-return control logic)

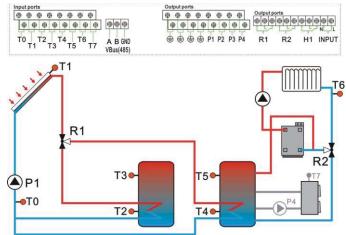
### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), T4( $\Delta$ T2), if one of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT(DTon), then the corresponding circuit pump P1 is triggered, and R1 switches to the



corresponding storage and heats it until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat storage 1 prior.

Another temperature difference T5, T6 ( $\Delta$ T3) to control R2, it can heat heating-return. Note: if T5 isn't installed, then DT between T4, T6 ( $\Delta$ T3) to control R2 to heat heating-return. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-Valve switches to heat 2 storages
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	T-Valve switches to heat heating-return
T6	Sensor on the floor heating return	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

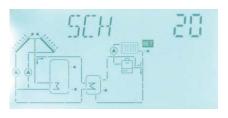
The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

#### SCH 20 (East/west collectors, 2 storages, Valve, Heating-return control logic)

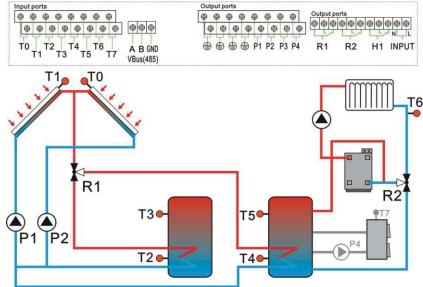
#### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1,T0 and storage T2( $\Delta$ T1), T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the corresponding circuit pump P1 /P2 is triggered, and R1 switches to the corresponding storage and heats it



until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 /P2 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat storage 1 prior.

Another temperature difference T5, T6 ( $\Delta$ T3) to control R2, it can heat heating-return. Note: if T5 isn't installed, then DT between T4, T6 ( $\Delta$ T3) to control R2 to heat heating-return. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 1	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage 1 (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the bottom part of storage 2	R1	T-Valve switches to heat 2 storages
T5	Sensor on the upper part of storage 2 (optional)	R2	T-Valve switches to heat heating-return
T6	Sensor on the floor heating return	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

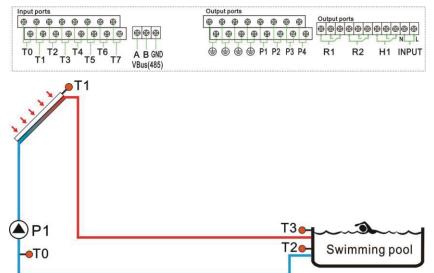
## SCH 21 (Standard solar system , 1 swimming pool)

### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and swimming pool T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, swimming pool is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the



swimming pool temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of swimming pool	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of swimming pool (optional)	P4	-
T4		R1	-
T5		R2	-
T6		H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling

#### SCH 22 (Swimming pool, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

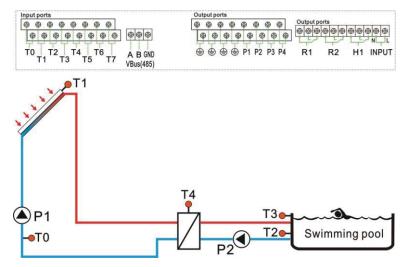
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and swimming pool T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pump P1 is triggered, heat exchanger is heated until DT



drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the heat exchanger temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased.

Another DT between T4, T2 ( $\Delta$ T1) controls P2 to swimming pool.

**Note:** if T4 isn't installed, when DT between T1 and T2 ( $\Delta$ T1) caters the switch-on DT, then pump P1,P2 are triggered at the same time and running until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the swimming pool temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then P1, P2 are ceased. See detailed operation at 5.5.12 & 5.5.13.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on the collector	P2	For heat transfer pump
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of swimming pool	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of swimming pool (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on the heat exchanger (optional)	R1	-
T5		R2	-
T6		H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling

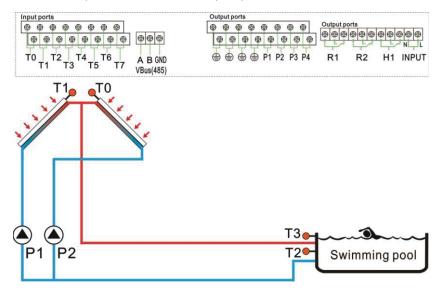
## SCH 23 (East/west collector, Swimming pool control logic)

### System description:

Controller compares the temperature between collector T0,T1 and swimming pool T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pumps P1,P2 are triggered, swimming pool is heated until DT



drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the swimming pool temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of swimming pool	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of swimming pool (optional)	P4	-
T4		R1	-
T5		R2	-
T6		H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling

#### SCH 24 (East/west collector, Swimming pool, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

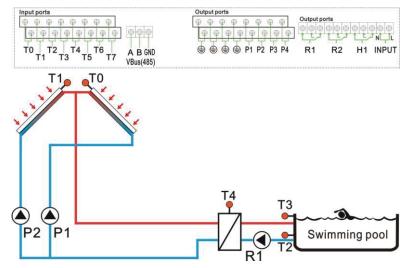
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1,T0 and swimming pool T2( $\Delta$ T1), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the circuit pumps P1,P2 are triggered, heat exchanger is heated until



DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the heat exchanger temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased.

Another DT between T4, T2 ( $\Delta$ T1) controls R1 to swimming pool.

**Note:** if T4 isn't installed, when DT between T1,T0 and T2 ( $\Delta$ T1) caters the switch-on DT, then pump P1,R1 or P2,R1 are triggered at the same time and running until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the swimming pool rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then P1, P2, R1 are ceased. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump 2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of swimming pool	P3	-
Т3	Sensor on the upper part of swimming pool (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on heat exchanger (optional)	R1	For heat transferring pump
T5		R2	-
T6		H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	Available for: (AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling

#### SCH 25 (1 Storage, Swimming pool, Valve, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

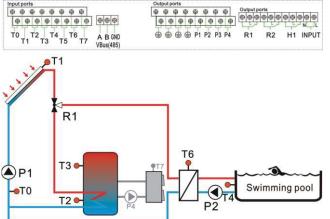
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1 and storage T2 ( $\Delta$ T1), swimming pool T4( $\Delta$ T2), if the temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT(DTon), then the circuit pump P1is triggered , and R1 switches storage or heat exchanger into circuit. And it is heated until DT



drops to the switch-off DT (DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pump P1 is ceased. Priority logic determines to heat storage prior.

Another DT between T6, T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) controls P2 to heat swimming pool.

**Note:** if T6 isn't installed, when DT between T1 and T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) caters the switch-on DT, then pumps P1, P2 are triggered at the same time and running until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the swimming pool temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then P1, P2 are ceased. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T0	Sensor for thermal energy measuring (optional)	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on collector	P2	For heat transferring pump
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on swimming pool	R1	T-Valve switches between storage and heat exchanger
T5		R2	-
T6	Sensor on heat exchanger (optional)	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
			Available for:
T5	For auto thermostat	R2	(AHO) auto thermostat (COOL) high temperature cooling
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

# SCH 26 (East/west collector,1 Storage, Swimming pool, Valve, Heat exchanger control logic)

#### System description:

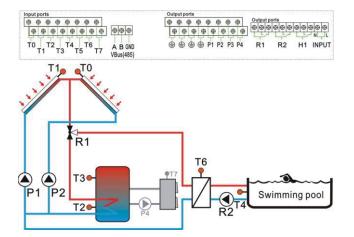
Controller compares the temperature between collector T1,T0 and storage T2 ( $\Delta$ T1), swimming pool T4( $\Delta$ T2), if any of 2 temperature difference (DT) rises up to or exceeds its preset switch-on DT (DTon), then the corresponding circuit pumps P1 ,P2 are triggered, and R1 switches storage or heat exchanger



into circuit. And it is heated until DT drops to the switch-off DT (DToff) or when the storage temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then circuit pumps P1, P2 are ceased. Priority logic determines to heat storage prior.

Another DT between T6, T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) controls R2 to heat swimming pool.

**Note:** if T6 isn't installed, when DT between T1,T0 and T4 ( $\Delta$ T2) caters the switch-on DT, then pumps P1, P2 ,R1,R2 are triggered at the same time and running until DT drops to the switch-off DT(DToff) or when the swimming pool temperature rises up to its preset maximum temperature. Then P1, P2, R1, R2 are ceased. See detailed operation at 5.5.10 & 5.5.11.



Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
Т0	Sensor on west collector	P1	For solar circuit pump 1
T1	Sensor on east collector	P2	For solar circuit pump2
T2	Sensor on the bottom part of storage	P3	-
T3	Sensor on the upper part of storage (optional)	P4	-
T4	Sensor on swimming pool	R1	T-Valve switches between storage and heat exchanger
T5		R2	For heat transferring pump
T6	Sensor on heat exchanger (optional)	H1	For back-up heater
T7	-	-	-

The auxiliary functions available in this system (available functions)

Sensor	Description	Output relay	Description
T7	For solid fuel boiler temperature	P4	For pump of solid fuel boiler circuit

## 5. Parameters setup

### **5.1 THET Timing Heating**

#### Description:

Electrical heater, gas boiler or oil boiler can be integrated into solar system used as back-up of system, and they can be triggered automatically at preset schedule by preset temperature. Within a preset schedule, when the temperature (T3) of top part of tank drops below the preset switching-on temperature of this function, back-up heating starts to work, when T3 rises up to the preset turning off temperature, back-up heating is stopped. Within 24 hours, three time sections can be set with this controller.

### Factory set:

The first schedule: back-up heating function starts at 4:00 and ends at 5:00 am. Within this time section, default switch-on temperature is  $40^{\circ}$ C; default switch-off temperature is  $45^{\circ}$ C. The second schedule: from 10:00 to 10:00 am, it means no back-up heating in this time. The third schedule: back-up heating function starts at 17:00 and ends at 22:00 pm. Within this time section, default switch-on temperature is  $50^{\circ}$ C; default switch-off temperature is  $55^{\circ}$ C.

The switch-on temperature adjustable range:  $10 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \sim (\text{OFF-2 }^{\circ}\text{C})$ The switch-off temperature adjustable range:  $(\text{ON+2 }^{\circ}\text{C}) \sim 80 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ If you want to shut off one timing heating, then you can set the turning on time and turning off time same value (for example, the second time section no this function, then you can set turning on/off time is  $10:00 \sim 10:00$ )

When time is outside of the preset schedule, back-up heating doesn't work automatically even when the tank temperature drops to the switch –on temperature of heating. **Note:** 

- When there is no sensor installed in the top part of tank (no T3 sensor), controller will take the signal of T2 (sensor in bottom of tank) automatically to control this function.
- The time in this controller is 24 hours, when you set schedule, the switch-off time of heating should be larger than switch-on time. For example: if you set the switch-on time of heating is at 17:00, but switch-off time of heating is 6:00, then this setting doesn't take effect, that means within this time section, heating function doesn't work. The correct set is like flowing: it should be divided into two time sections, one time section is from 17:00 to 23:59, the other time section is from 00:00 to 06:00.

#### Setup steps: under standby,

- ▶ Press (SET) button, "tHET" displays on the screen.
- ▶ Repress SET button to access THET program menu.

► Repress (SET) button again, to set parameters of THET, "tH 10 04:00" displays on the screen, "04" of hour time blinks on screen, the switch-on time and temperature for the first schedule of heating function can be set.



- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button again, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "40°C" blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press → → → button, to set the switch-on temperature of heating.
- Then, press  $(_{ESC})$  to exit this submenu.

▶ Press → button, "tH 1F 05:00" displays on the screen, to access the submenu of the switch-off time and temperature for the first schedule of heating function.

- ▶ Press (SET) button again, "05" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press + button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button again, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "45°C" blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button, to set the switch-off temperature of heating.
- Then, press (ESC) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter values are saved automatically.

switch-on time and temperature for the second schedule of heating function.

- ▶ Press (SET) button, "10" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press + → button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "50°C" blinks on the screen.





- $\blacktriangleright$  Press ( ) button, to set the switch-on temperature of heating.
- Then, press  $(_{ESC})$  to exit this submenu.
- ▶ Press (+) button, "tH 2F 10:00" displays on the screen, to access the submenu of the

switch-off time and temperature for the second schedule of heating function.

- ► Press (SET) button again, "10" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button again, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "55°C" blinks on screen.
- Press  $\frown$  button, to set the switch-off temperature of heating.
- Then, press (ESC) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter values are saved automatically.

▶ Press → button, "tH 3o 17:00" displays on the screen, to access the submenu of the

switch-on time and temperature for the third schedule of heating function.

- ▶ Press (SET) button, "17" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "50 °C" blinks on the screen.
- Press button, to set the switch-on temperature of heating.
- Then, press  $(_{ESC})$  to exit this submenu.
- ▶ Press (+) button, "tH 3F 22:00" displays on the screen, to access the submenu of the

switch-off time and temperature for the third schedule of heating function.

- ► Press (SET) button again, "22" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button again, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "55°C" blinks on screen.
- Press (-) button, to set the switch-off temperature of heating.
- Then, press (ESC) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the



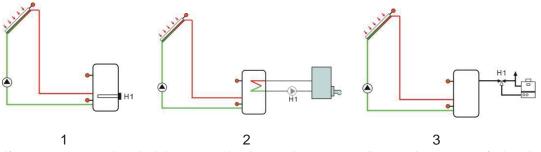


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parameter valves are saved automatically.

**Note:** when no gas or oil boiler is connected to solar system, electrical heater can be installed as back-up device, when electrical heater is in operation status, signal () blinks on screen, and LED light is on.

Application sample:



If customer use electrical heater as back-up, please according to the power of electrical heater to equip corresponding safety devices like contactor and breaker with this controller, we strongly recommend equipping with SR802 device with this controller, (SR802 detailed technical data see paragraph 9 spare parts)

#### 5.2 CIRC DHW pump control function

Select CIRC submenu, "CIRF OFF" appears on the screen, the default set is: OFF.

- ▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "OFF" blinks on the screen.
- Press (SET) button again to activate this function,
  "CIRC ON" appears on the screen.
- ▶ Press (ESC) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter valves are saved automatically.
- ▶ Press → button, "tCYC" appears on the screen.
- ▶ Press (SET) button to access "tCYC" menu.
- ▶ Press (SET) button, access tCYC three schedules function, "tC 10 05:00"appears, now can set the first turn-on time.
- ▶ Press (SET) button again, "05" of hour time blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour of time.

► Repress (SET) button again, "00" of minute time blinks on screen.

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- ▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, temperature "03 Min" blinks on screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button, to set the running time of DHW circuit pump.

► Press (ESC) to exit this submenu.

▶ Press → button, "tC 1F 07:00" displays on the screen, to access the menu to set the first turn-off time of DHW pump.

► Press (SET) button, "07" of hour time blinks on screen.

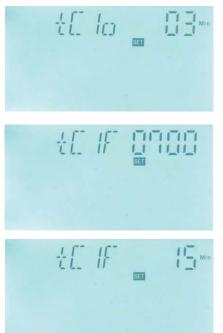
▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour.

► Press (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on the screen.

- ▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, "15Min"blinks on the screen.

▶ Press + → → button to adjust interval time of DHW pump.

► Then, press (SET) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter valves are saved automatically.



▶ Press → button, "tC 2o 11:00" displays on the screen, to access the menu to set the second turn-on time of DHW pump.

▶ Press (SET) button, "11" of hour time blinks on screen.

▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust hour.

► Press (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on the screen.

- ▶ Press + button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, "03Min"blinks on the screen.

Press + button to adjust running time of DHW pump.

▶ Press (ESC) to exit this submenu.

▶ Press → button, "tC 2F 13:00" displays on the screen, to access the menu to set the second turn-off time of DHW pump.

► Press (SET) button, "13" of hour time blinks on screen.

▶ Press + button to adjust hour.

► Press (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on the screen.

▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.

- ► Repress (SET) button, "15Min"blinks on the screen.
- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust interval time of DHW pump.



► Then, press ESC to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter valves are saved automatically.

▶ Press → button, "tC 3o 17:00" displays on the screen, to access the menu to set the third turn-on time of DHW pump.

► Press (SET) button, "17" of hour time blinks on screen.

▶ Press (+) → button to adjust hour.

► Press (SET) button, "00" of minute time blinks on the screen.

▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.

► Repress (SET) button, "03Min"blinks on the screen.

▶Press + → button to adjust running time of DHW pump.

► Press (ESC) to exit this submenu.

▶ Press → button, "tC 3F 22:00" displays on the screen, to access the menu to set the third turn-off time of DHW pump.

► Press (set) button, "22" of hour time blinks on screen.

▶ Press + button to adjust hour.

► Press SET button, "00" of minute time blinks on the screen.

- ▶ Press (+) → button to adjust minute of time.
- ► Repress (SET) button, "15Min"blinks on the screen.

▶ Press (+) → button to adjust interval time of DHW pump.

► Then, press (ESC) to exit this submenu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the parameter valves are saved automatically.

## Description of temperature controlled DHW pump:

Solar system can provide temperature-controlled hot water circulation function; this function needs an extra hot water circulation pump (connect output port P3) and a sensor, which is installed on the return pipe of hot water (connect input port T6). When the temperature

signal of sensor T6 is less than the preset turning on temperature of DHW pump, the hot water circulation pump (P3) triggers and works till the temperature exceeds the turning off temperature.

**Factory set**: the desired hot water temperature is 40°C, when return temperature T6 drops to 35°C, circulation pump P3 is triggered, when T6 rises up to 40°C, circulation pump P5 is ceased.

**Condition for triggering hot water circulation pump**: only when tank temperature T3 is 2°C higher than the required hot water temperature, hot water circulation pump just can be triggered.

#### Description of time controlled DHW pump:

DHW pump can also be controlled at the preset time sections, this function needs an extra DHW pump (connect output port P3), this pump will trigger timing, and within a running time section, default operation is pump runs for 3 minutes, then stops for 15 minutes, the process repeats within the time section.

#### Default time sections:

The first time section: pump works at 05:00 and stops at 07:00. The second time section: pump works at 11:00 and stops at 13:00. The third time section: pump works at 17:00 and stops at 22:00. If user wants to switch-off any time section, then just set the start time and close time with same time.e.g starts at 05:00 and close also at 05:00.

#### Note:

- Temperature controlled DHW function is prior to time controlled DHW.
- When T6 is installed on the return pipe of hot water, controller will automatically turn-off the time controlled function, inverse to use temperature control DHW.
- In order to avoid large measuring error, the sensor T6 on hot water return pipe should be installed 1.5m far away from tank. This function isn't available in all systems.
- In some systems, T6 is used for heat exchanger temperature or for floor heating, so there is no CIRC DHW pump function in the system.

#### 5.3 Access main menu

Under standby, doing like following to access main menu.

► Press SET button, then press + button until "PWD 0000" appears on the screen, then repress SET button, the left first digital blinks, ask for entering

password, factory default set password is "0000"

- Press (+) (-) button to enter first digital of password.
- ► Repress (SET) button, the second digital blinks
- ▶ Repress (+) (-) button, to enter second digital of password.
- ► Repeat press (SET) button, the third digital blinks
- Repress (+) (-) button, to enter third digital of password.
- ► Repeat press (SET) button, the forth digital blinks



- $\triangleright$ Repress (+) (-) button, to enter forth digital of password.
- ► Repress (SET) button, to access the main menu.
- ▶ Press + → button, select any menu you wanted.
- ► Press (ESC) button, you can exit main menu.

**Note**: default factory set password is "0000", if you don't set new password, just press (SET) four times, then you can access main menu interface.

#### 5.4 DT Temperature difference

#### **Description:**

Solar circuit pump P1/P2 is triggered by the temperature difference function, so long as the temperature difference between collector and storage reaches the switch-on DT, solar circuit pump is triggered.

For example: the switch-on DT is 8°C, switch-off DT is 4°C, if the temperature on the bottom part of storage is 20°C, then just when collector temperature rises up to 28°C, pump is triggered, and when collector temperature drops to 24°C, pump is ceased.

**Note:** the switch-on/off DT of 8 °C and 4 °C are standard system setting according to many years' experience, only in special application cases it needs to be changed, (e.g. far distance heat transferring), normally we recommend using default set. Switch-on and switch-off DT are alternating set. To avoid mistake the minimum difference between two temperature differences ( $\Delta$ Ton – $\Delta$ Toff) is set as 2 °C.

#### Setup temperature difference:

Under standby, following steps descript in paragraph 5.4 to access main menu DT

► Press SET button, to access settings program of main menu DT, "DT 10 08 °C" displays on screen, "08 °C" blinks, the first switch-on temperature difference can be set.

▶ Press (+) (-) button, to adjust the value of switch-on DT, adjustable range (OFF+2 °C) ~20 °C, factory setting is 8 °C

► Press (ESC) button to exit this setting, parameter is saved automatically.

▶ Press ( +) button, "DT 1F 04 °C" displays on screen, the first switch-off temperature difference can be set.



▶ Press (SET) button, "04 °C" blinks

▶ Press + - button to adjust the value of switch-off DT, adjustable range 0 °C~ (ON-2 °C), factory set is 4 °C.

▶ Press (ESC) to exit menu, or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, the setup parameters are saved automatically.

**Note:** As every system is different to each other, maximum 3 sets temperature difference (DT1o, DT1F) (DT2o, DT2F) (DT3o, DT3F) can be set, setting steps are same like above description.

## 5.5 TEMP Temperature

For every system, the factory set parameters are for the best operation condition, which is fully integrated into the entire solar system. But these parameters can also be set individually to cater the special requirements, please carefully observe the operation data of system components after setting.

## Note:

- 1. Parameters that can be set rely on the selected system, not all the parameters can be adjusted in every solar system.
- 2. Because of different of system, the content of following submenus is also different.

Tem. Code	Function of temperature	Adjustable range	Factory set	Function exit tem.	Paragraph
EMOF	Collector maximum switch-off temperature	(ON+3 °C)~ 200 °C	130 °C		5.5.1
EMON	Collector maximum switch-on temperature	80 °C ~ (OF-3 °C)	120 °C		5.5.2
СМХ	Maximum limited collector temperature (collector cooling function)	70 °C ~190 °C	110°C	107 °C	5.5.3
CMN	Low temperature protection of collector	0 °C~90 °C			5.5.4
CFR	Frost protection of collector	-10 °C~10 °C			5.5.5
REC	Tank re-cooling function		OFF		5.5.6
SMX1	Maximum temperature of tank 1	2°C~95°C	60 °C	58 °C	5.5.7
SMX2	Maximum temperature of tank 2	2 °C~95 °C	60 °C	58 °C	5.5.8
SMX5	Sensor set for the maximum temperature of tank 2	04、05	04		5.5.9
MAX1	Maximum switch-off temperature (for heat transferring between storage and heating loop)	(MIN1+2°C)~95°C	60 °C		5.5.10
MIN1	Minimum switch-on temperature (for heat transferring between storage and heating loop)	10 °C~(MAX1-2 °C)	30 °C		5.5.11
MAX2	Maximum switch-off temperature (for heat transferring between storage and heat exchanger)	(MIN2+2°C)~95°C	60 °C		5.5.12
MIN2	Minimum switch-on temperature (for heat transferring between storage and heat exchanger)	10 °C~(MAX2-2 °C∋	30 °C		5.5.13

Following submenu can be access though TEMP main menu.

# 5.5.1 EMOF Collector maximum switch-off temperature (for collector emergency close function)

## Function description:

When collector temperature rises up to this maximum switch-off limited temperature (EM), collector emergency function is activated, solar circulation pump is stopped in order to avoid the damage of system's other components caused by high temperature. The adjustable range of EMOF temperature is (ON+3 °C~200 °C), factory set is 130 °C. If the temperature of collector rises up to EMOF limited temperature, solar circuit pump is ceased, but when collector temperature drops to the collector maximum switch-on temperature EMON (factory set is 120°C), solar circuit pump will be reset, and collector emergency close function is deactivated.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu EMOF, "EMOF 130°C" displays on the screen

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "130 °C" blinks.

► Repress (SET) button to activate and deactivate this function, if deactivate the function, "EMOF - - -" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, set parameters are saved automatically.

# 5.5.2 EMON Collector maximum switch-on temperature (for collector emergency close function)

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu EMON, "EMON 120°C" displays on screen

► Press SET button, parameter "120 °C" blinks.

► Press ► Press ► button, to adjust this maximum switch-on temperature, adjust range (80 °C ~OF-3 °C) , factory set is 120 °C



► Repress SET button to activate and deactivate this function, if deactivate the function, "EMON - - -" displays on screen.

▶ Press button to exit menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, set parameters are saved automatically.



When these two signals of EM blink on the screen, it indicates collector emergency close function is activated, and at this moment temperature of tanks reaches to its maximum limited temperature

When only this signal of EM blinks on the screen, it indicates collector emergency close function is also activated, but temperature of tank doesn't reach to its maximum limited temperature

### 5.5.3 CMX Maximum limited collector temperature (collector cooling function)

#### Function description:

If hot water in tank isn't used for long time, then the capacity that solar system absorbs solar irradiation reduces, when tank temperature rises to its preset maximal temperature, solar circuit pump is ceased compulsively even the temperature difference is satisfied. then when more solar irradiation shines in, as a result collector temperature will rise continuously, temperature of collector maybe rise up to the evaporated temperature of heat fluid, this phenomenon names collector - overheat, it should be avoided. Through set the Maximum limited collector temperature (collector cooling function) it can delay the vaporization of the heat transfer fluid. Shortly before reaching the maximum temperature of the collector, the solar pump starts working to cool down the heat transfer fluid using the heat losses occurring in pipelines and storage cylinder.

When collector temperature rises up to its maximal temperature, solar pump will be triggered again even at the case that tank temperature is already to its maximal temperature. And solar pump works until the temperature of collector drops because of this reversed circulation or when tank temperature rises its emergency temperature (95°C).

When  $\mathfrak{M}$  displays, and  $\bigtriangleup$  blinks on the screen, it indicates that tank emergency temperature reaches, tank temperature is  $\geq 95^{\circ}$ 

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu CMX, "CMX 110 °C" displays on screen

▶ Press (SET) button, "110 °C" blinks.

► Press + - button to adjust collector limited maximum temperature ,adjust range : (70 °C~190 °C), Factory set is 110 °C

► Press (SET) button to activate and deactivate this function, if deactivate the function, "CMX - - -" displays on screen.



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, set parameters are saved automatically.

CMX signal displays on screen, it indicates that collector cooling function is activated.

### 5.5.4 CMN low temperature protection of collector

#### Description:

When the actual temperature of collector is below the preset CMN temperature, solar circuit pump is ceased, even when the temperature difference between collector and storage exceeds switch-on temperature difference, solar pump doesn't work yet. When the temperature of collector is 3°C higher than the preset CMN temperature, solar circuit pump is standby to work, controller exits this program.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu CMX, "CMN - - -" displays on screen, default set is OFF.

► Press SET button, default off signal "- - -" blinks on screen.

► Repress (SET) button to activate and deactivate this function.

▶ Press  $\bigcirc$  button to adjust the low protection temperature of collector CMN, adjustable range (00 °C ~90 °C), after activate the function, factory set is 10 °C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



CMN signal displays on screen, it indicates that this function is activated.

#### 5.5.5 CFR frost protection of collector

#### **Description:**

In winter when the temperature of collector is below the preset frost protection temperature (factory set is 4 °C), solar circuit pump is triggered to transfer hot water from tank to collector and to heat collector by this reversed circuit. And when tank temperature (T2) drops to 6°C, electrical heater is triggered automatically and it keeps running until tank temperature T2 raises up to 21 °C or it is stopped when program of CFR is exited. When collector temperature rises up to 7 °C, solar circuit pump is ceased, program of CFR exits automatically.

This function is used in system, which uses water as heat transfer liquid, to avoid the freezing of solar heat transfer fluid.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu CFR, "CFR ----" displays on screen, default set is off.

► Press (SET) button, default off "- - -" blinks,

► Repress (SET) button to activate or deactivate this function

▶Press (+) ( button to adjust the temperature of frost protection function, adjustable range is  $(-10^{\circ}C \sim 10^{\circ}C)$ , after function activated, default set is  $4^{\circ}C$ 

ESC Press button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

CFR signal displays on screen, it indicates that this function is activated.

**Note:** this function is only available in special solar system which using no-anti-freezing liquid; this kind of system is only suitable in area where the ambient temperature is near to 0°C only for a few days. If safety requirement is very high, then anti-freezing is necessary, we suggest using suitable anti-freezing liquid to avoid frost problem.

#### 5.5.6 REC Storage re-cooling function

#### **Description:**

If storage temperature rises up to its maximum temperature, and at the same time, collector temperature is  $5^{\circ}$ C lower than storage temperature, then solar pump can be triggered. through this reversed circulation, storage temperature is reduced by heat loss occurs in collector, solar pump keeps in working until storage temperature drops below its maximum temperature.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu REC, "REC OFF" displays on screen, default set is off.

► Press(set) button, parameter "OFF" blinks on screen

► Repress (SET) button to activate or deactivate this function; after function activated, factory set is "REC



Press

ON"

button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, (ESC)

parameters are saved automatically.

REC signal displays on screen, it indicates that this function is activated.

#### 5.5.7 SMX1 Maximum temperature of tank 1

#### **Description:**

When the DT between collector T1 and tank T2 caters the switch-on DT of circulation, solar pump is triggered, but in order to avoid the high temperature inside tank, controller will check whether the temperature (T3) of the top part of tank is higher than the maximum temperature of tank, when T3 is higher than the preset maximum tank temperature SMX, solar pump is ceased even at the case that DT caters condition. When tank temperature drops and is  $2^{\circ}$ C below the SMX temperature, solar pump restarts when DT caters condition.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu SMX1, "SMX1 60  $^{\circ}\text{C}"$  displays on screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "60 °C" blinks

► Press  $\bigcirc$  button to adjust the value of maximum temperature of tank1, adjustable range is (2 °C~95 °C), default set is 60 °C



► Repress (SET) button to activate and deactivate this function, if function deactivated, "SMX1 - - -" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

SMX signal displays on screen, it indicates that this function is in activated.

### 5.5.8 SMX2 Maximum temperature of tank 2

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu SMX2, "SMX2 60 °C" displays on screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "60 °C" blinks

▶ Press (-) button to adjust the value of the maximum temperature of tank 2, adjustable range is (2 °C~95 °C), default set is 60 °C

► Repress <sup>SET</sup> button to activate and deactivate this function, if function deactivated, "SMX2 - - -" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.5.9 SMAX5 Sensor set for the maximum temperature of tank 2

#### **Description:**

This function is used to assign which sensor should be used for measuring the maximum temperature of tank 2. The maximum temperature of tank 2 is limited by the selected sensor, if this parameter is set 05, then even T4 temperature is over the maximum temperature of tank 2 (SMX2), system isn't closed yet, only when T5 exceeds the maximum temperature of tank 2(SMX2), system just stops.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu SMAX5 "SMAX5 04" displays on the screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "04"blinks

▶ Press ↔ ↔ ↓ ↔ button to select sensor, adjustable range is: 04, 05, default set is 04.

- nisor, )4.
- ► Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20

seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

Note: when SMAX5 is set value 05, then T5 is used for measuring the maximum

temperature of tank 2, therefore, corresponding AHO, BYPA function will be deactivated automatically.

# 5.5.10 MAX1 Maximum switch-off temperature (for heat transferring between tank and heating loop)

**Function description of heat heating - return:** take system SCH17 as example If temperature difference between tank (T4) and heating return (T6) reaches  $\triangle$ T2 switch-on temperature, then 3-way valve R1 is turned to heating -return, tank will heat heating-return. When temperature difference between tank (T4) and heating return (T6) reaches  $\triangle$ T2 switch-off temperature, or when tank temperature T4 drops to its minimum switch-on temperature (MIN1), or when temperature of heating return rises up to its maximal switch-off temperature (MAX1), then close 3-ways valve (R1).

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu MAX1, "MAX1 60 °C" displays on the screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "60 °C" blinks

► Press +  $\fbox{-}$  button to adjust the value of maximum switch-off temperature , adjustable range is (MIN1+ 2 °C) ~ 95 °C, default set is 60 °C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

# 5.5.11 MIN1 Minimum switch-on temperature (for heat transferring between tank and heating loop)

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu MIN1, "MIN1 30 °C" displays on screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "30 °C" blinks

► Press ← ← button to adjust the value of maximum switch-off temperature , adjustable range is 10 °C ~( MAX1- 2 °C ) , default set is 30 °C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

# 5.5.12 MAX2 Maximum switch-off temperature (for heat transferring between tank and heat exchanger)

**Function description of heat heat-exchanger:** take system SCH3 as example In the case that collector T1, heat exchanger T4 and tank T2 all caters the switch-on DT conditions, when T4 is between the minimum switch-on temperature and the maximum switch-off temperature (MIN2<T4<MAX2), then P1,P2 triggers at the same time; when T4 is higher than the maximum switch-off temperature (T4>MAX2),P1 is ceased; when T4 is less than the minimum switch-on temperature (T4<MIN2), P2 is ceased. When collector T1, heat exchanger T4 and tank 2 caters the switch-off DT conditions, then the corresponding pump P1, P2 is ceased.

### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu MAX2, "MAX2 60  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ " displays on screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "60 °C" blinks

► Press (+) (-) button to adjust the value of maximum switch-off temperature , adjustable range is  $(MIN2+2^{\circ}C) \sim 95^{\circ}C$ , default set is 60 °C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

# 5.5.13 MIN2 Minimum switch-on temperature (for heat transferring between tank and heat exchanger)

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu TEMP, then select submenu MIN2, "MIN2 30 °C" displays on screen.

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "30 °C" blinks

► Press → → button to adjust the value of maximum switch-off temperature , adjustable range is 10 °C ~( MAX2- 2 °C ) , default set is 30 °C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically

## 5.6 PUMP circuit pump speed adjust set

#### **Description:**

P1 output can be configured to function either as RPM controlled output or simple switch output.

When nMIN is set as 30-90%, P1 output used as RPM output.





When nMIN is set as 100%, it means P1 output used as switch output.

## Normal switch output: circuit pump speed control

(RPM) is deactivated, pump is operated with a fixed speed, and flow rate is not changed.

**RPM control output:** (speed control is activated), the control system attempts to maintain a constant temperature difference between collector and tank. The pump performance is continuously adjusted, based on the temperature difference flow rate of pump is increased or reduced.

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu PUMP, "PUMP" displays on the screen, press (SET) to access the menu, then "nMIN 100" displays on screen.

► Press (SET) the screen.

button, parameter" 100" blinks on

▶ Press + - button, to adjust pump speed. adjustable range: (30~100%), factory set is 100%.



[]| |M[]

▶ Press ⓑ button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

# 5.6.1 DTS Standard temperature difference for circulation pump 1 (speed adjusting) Description:

The preset default minimum pump speed in this controller is 30%. When the switch-on temperature difference ( $\triangle$ TON) reaches, solar pump is triggered, and then within 10 seconds, pump speed increases to its minimum speed (30%). Thereafter, controller checks temperature continuously, when a standard temperature difference (DTS) reaches, the speed of pump increases one grade (10%), temperature difference RIS increases every 1°C, speed of pump increases 10% until it reaches to its maximum speed 100%. Through setting the temperature difference increase rate (RIS) can achieve the controlling of pump speed. If temperature difference drops to the switch-off temperature difference ( $\triangle$ T OFF), circuit pump is ceased.

#### Setup steps:

To access PUMP, then select submenu DTS "DTS 08 °C" displays on screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "08°C" blinks on the screen

► Press ← ← button, to adjust the standard DTS, adjustable range (2 °C~30 °C), factory set is 08°C



▶ Press button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

### 5.6.2 RIS Gain for circulation pump 1 (speed adjusting)

#### Setup steps:

To access menu PUMP, then select submenu RIS, "RIS 01 °C" displays on screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "01°C" blinks on the screen

▶ Press + - button, to adjust standard RIS, adjustable range  $(1 \degree C \sim 20 \degree C)$ , factory set is 1°C

► Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.6.3 n2MN Speed adjusting of circulation pump 2 (pump2 RPM controlling)

### **Description:**

P2 output can be configured to function either as RPM controlled output or simple switch output.

When n2MN is set as 30-90%, P2 output used as RPM output.

When n2MN is set as 100%, it means P2 output used as switch output. (Example: for control electromagnetic valve or control pump with integrated RPM)

#### Setup steps:

To select n2MN submenu (pump 2 RPM controlling), "n2MN 100" displays on screen.

▶ Press SET button, parameter" 100" blinks on the screen.

▶ Press + → button, to adjust pump speed.

adjustable range:  $(30 \sim 100\%)$ , factory set is 100%.

## 5.6.4 DT2S Standard temperature difference for circulation pump 2 (speed adjusting)

### Setup steps:

To access PUMP, then select submenu DT2S, "DT2S 08 °C" displays on screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "08°C" blinks on the screen

▶ Press  $\bigcirc$  button, to adjust the standard DT2S, adjustable range  $(2^{\circ}C \sim 30^{\circ}C)$ , factory set is  $08^{\circ}C$ 

▶ Press button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.6.5 RIS2 Gain for circulation pump 2 (speed adjusting)

#### Setup steps:

To access menu PUMP, then select submenu RIS2, "RIS2 01 °C" displays on screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "01°C" blinks on the screen

▶ Press + → button, to adjust standard RIS2,







adjustable range  $(1 \degree C \sim 20 \degree C)$ , factory set is  $1\degree C$ 

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.7 OHQM Thermal energy measuring

#### Description:

Controller has function for measuring the thermal energy; it can measure the energy which is transferred from collector to tank. For the sake of measuring, the temperature on flow and return pipe should be checked, and an extra flow meter should be installed on the circulation pipe, it is used for measuring the flow rate.

The thermal energy transferred by solar system is calculated with measured parameters flow rate and temperature T0 (installed on the return pipe). Thermal energy got in the current day displays in DkWh, accumulative thermal energy displays in kWh or MWh. The amount of 2 values is the total energy output.

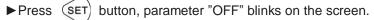
**Note:** when T0 input is used, (for example, used in east/west collector), OHQM thermal energy measuring function will be deactivated, Factory set of OHQM is off.

#### Setup steps:

To select menu OHQM, "OHQM" displays on the

screen,

► Press SET button, parameter "OHQM OFF" blinks on the screen



► Repress (SET) button to activate this function, then "OHQM oN" appears on the screen

► Press button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



Thermal energy got in current day, accumulative thermal energy and operation time of pump can be reset, doing like following.

**Operation steps:** under standby status,

▶ Press → → → button, select the thermal energy of current day, "DKWH XX" "SET" displays on the screen.

► Press (SET) button for 3 seconds, buzzer makes 3 times "du-----", the daily thermal energy is cleared, and daily thermal energy is reset to "00".

▶ Press → → button, select to check accumulative thermal energy, "KWH XX" or "MWH XX" "SET" displays on the screen.

► Press SET button for 3 seconds, buzzer makes 3 times "du-----", the sum thermal energy is cleared, and accumulative thermal energy is reset to "00".

the screen.

▶ Press (SET) button for 3 seconds, buzzer makes 3 times "du-----", the operation time of pump is cleared, and it is reset to "00".

Note: Only when the thermal energy measuring function is activated, operation time of circulation pump function just can be triggered.

#### 5.7.1 FMAX Flow rate

FAMX: Flow rate L/min. adjustable range: (0.1~20) L/min, increase rate 0.1L per button press, factory set is 2.0L/min

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu FMAX, "FMAX 2.0" displays on the screen.

screen

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "2.0" blinks on the

 $\bigcirc$  button to adjust parameter of flow rate. adjustable range (0.1 $\sim$ 20) ▶Press (

► Press Esc button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.7.2 MEDT Type of heat transfer liquid

MEDT: type of heat transfer liquid, adjustable range (00 $\sim$ 03), factory set : 01 Type of heat transfer liquid:

- 00: Water
- 01: Propylene glycol
- 02: Glycol
- 03: Tyfocor LS/G-LS

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu MEDT, "MEDT 01" displays on screen.

►Press (SET) button, parameter "01" blinks on the screen

▶ Press button, to adjust type of heat transfer liquid, adjustable range (00 $\sim$ 03)

Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.7.3 MED% Concentration of heat transfer liquid

MED% Concentration of heat transfer liquid (volume percentage %), depending on the type of heat transfer liquid, adjustable range (20 ~70), factory set 40%

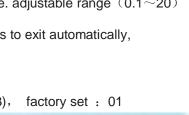
#### Setup steps:

To select submenu MED%, "MED% 40" displays on screen.

(SET) ► Press screen

button, parameter "40" blinks on the





Press + - button to adjust concentration, adjustable range (20~70)

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

Note: when MEDT is set as 00 or 03, then its MED% concentration doesn't appear.

### 5.8 PRIO Tank priority

#### Description:

The temperature difference between tank and collector is continuous checked, If the first priority tank is prior to the second priority tank to reaches its switch-on DT, then the first priority tank is heated first and it is heated until its temperature rises up to its maximum limited temperature; after that, the second priority tank just can be heated. If the second priority tank is prior to the first priority tank to reaches its switch-on DT, then the second priority tank is heated provisionally, but the switch-on DT conditions of first priority tanks is checked continuously, once it is catered, then the second priority tank is stopped to heat, and controller switches to heat the first priority tank. Controller repeats to check the switch-on DT every 15 minutes, and every check lasts for 2 minutes. These 2 times are the default factory set, but it can be changed at parameter tRUN and tSTP.

Tank priority function and parameters are available in system with more tanks or tank is layer heated. According to the selection of priority tank, heat energy is distributed to 2 tanks. This controller has several different priority logics for select.

- 1. Tank priority logic control (01,02) (01 indicates tank 1 is priority tank, 02 indicates tank 2 is priority one)
- 2. Continuous heating (Su1 and Su2)
- 3. Parrell heating (0), (that means tank priority option is deactivate. 2 tanks can be heated at the same time).

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu PRIO, "PRIO " displays on screen.

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "PRIO 01" blinks on the screen

► Press (SET) button, parameter "01" blinks on the screen

▶ Press → → button to adjust tank priority, adjustable range: 00~02, Su1, Su2; factory set is 01.



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.8.1 tRUN Interval heating timer

#### Description:

Interval switch-off time (TSTP), Interval heating time (TRUN), the temperature rising of collector are three important parameters for priority logic. Controller monitors whether the temperature difference between collector and tank caters the switch-on temperature difference, if DT for the priority tank isn't enough, then controller checks the next tank, if DT for the next tank caters the condition, then it is heated, but the heating duration is controlled namely by the interval heating time TRUN. TRUN time runs out, and then heating is broken



off. Then control process is shifted to interval switch-off time (TSTP).Within this TSTP time, collector is heated by sun, and controller keeps on checking temperature of collector, if DT of the priority tank is still not enough, then controller continues to heat the next tank; If the priority tank DT caters the switch-on condition, then the priority tank is heated. Interval heating is no more available.

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu tRUN, "tRUN 15" displays on screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "15" blinks on the screen

▶ Press ↔ ↔ button to adjust heating time, adjustable range (01~30), factory set is 15 minutes.



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

### 5.8.2 tSTP Interval switch-off time

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu tSTP, "tSTP 02" displays on screen.

► Press SET button, parameter "02" blinks on the screen

▶ Press → → button to adjust heating switch-off time, adjustable range (01~30), factory set is 02



Press ESC button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically,

parameters are saved automatically

	Default set	Adjustable range
Priority tank (PRIO)	01	00~02、Su1、 Su2
Interval switch-off time (tSTP)	2 minutes	01-30 minutes
Interval heating time (tRUN)	15 minutes	01-30 minutes

**Note:** if priority logic is set as Su1 or Su2, then the corresponding priority tank is heated until its maximum temperature reaches. After that, controller just heats the next tank. If the temperature of the priority tank drops below its SMX again, then when the switch-on DT conditions of priority tank caters, controller stops to heat the second tank, but switches to heat the priority tank; if the switch-on conditions of the priority tank isn't catered, then heating is stopped.

### 5.9 INTV Pump interval function

### **Description:**

This function is useful when collector sensor isn't installed on collector (sensor installed on the outlet pipe of collector). In order to measure the actual temperature of collector, when circuit pump is in standby, every 30 minutes (this parameter is set at ISTP menu), solar pump is triggered to run for 15 seconds (this is set at the IRUN menu), so that the hot water inside the collector can flow into the pipe, where sensor is mounted, as the result, the actual temperature of collector is measured. It is unnecessary to activate this function in all time, you can use it within a preset time section, default set time is 07:00 ~18:00; this time can set at ISTAR and IEND submenu.

#### **Setup steps:**

To select submenu INTV, "INTV" displays on the screen.

Press (SET) button to access menu, "INTV OFF" displays.

 Repress (SET) button, parameter "OFF" blinks, factory set is "OFF"

▶ Press (SET) button, to activate this function, then "INTV ON" displays on the screen.

(ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 Press seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.9.1 ISTAR Turn-on time set for pump interval running function

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu ISTAR, "ISTAR 07:00" displays on the screen.

- ▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "07:00" blinks,
- button, to adjust turn-on time. ► Press (
- (ESC) Press button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

### 5.9.2 IEND Turn-off time set for pump interval running function

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu IEND, "IEND 18:00" displays on the screen.

- ▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "18:00" blinks,
- ▶ Press (+  $\frown$   $\frown$  button, to adjust turn-off time.

Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

### 5.9.3 ISTP Pump interval time

### Setup steps:

▶ Press ( + ) (

To select submenu ISTP, "ISTP 30" displays on the screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "30" blinks; factory set is "30 minute"







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button, to adjust time, adjustable range 2~ 60 minutes.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.9.4 IRUN Pump running time

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu IRUN, "IRUN 15" displays on the screen.

► Press (SET) button, parameter "15" displays and blinks, factory set is "15 second"

▶ Press (+) (-) button, to adjust time, adjustable range 5~ 120 seconds.



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

### 5.10 SFB Solid fuel boiler turn on/off

**Description**: take system SCH01 as example. Under SFB boiler is standby.

If the tank temperature T3 drops below the turn-on temperature of solid fuel boiler (SFON), and temperature of solid fuel boiler (T7) is between its MIN3 and MAX3 (MIN3< T7<MAX3), then solid fuel boiler(P4) is triggered; when tank temperature T3 rises up to the turn-off temperature of solid fuel boiler (SFOF),or when temperature of the solid fuel boiler(T7) exceeds its MIN3 and MAX3 ( that is T7>MAX3, or T7<MIN3), then solid fuel boiler is stopped.

**Note:** the preset MIN3 should be at least 1°C higher than the preset SFOF, for example: set SFON is 50°C, SFOF is 55°C, then MIN3 should be at least 1°C higher than SFON, namely it is 56°C. Then when the tank temperature is below 50°C, solid fuel boiler is triggered, when the tank temperature rises over 55°C, solid fuel boiler is stopped.

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu SFB, "SFB" displays on the screen. ▶ Press (SET) button, "SFB OFF" displays on the screen.

► Repress (SET) button, parameter "OFF" blinks, factory set is "OFF"

► Press (SET) button again to activate this function, then "SFB ON" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



## 5.10.1 SFON Minimum turn-on temperature of tank

Setup steps: To select submenu SFON, "SFON 50 °C" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "50 °C" blinks on the screen.

▶ Press (+) → button, to adjust the turn-on temperature, adjustable range: (10 °C~ OF-2°C), factory set is : 50°C

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.10.2 SFON Maximum turn-off temperature of tank

Setup steps:

To select submenu SFOF, "SFOF 55°C" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (SET) button, parameter "55 °C" blinks on the screen.



▶ Press (+) (-) button, to adjust the turn-off temperature, adjustable range: (ON+2) °C~80 °C) ,factory set is : 55 °C

(ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, Press parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.10.3 MAX3 Maximum turn-off temperature of solid fuel boiler

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu MAX3, "MAX3 60°C" displays on the screen.

button, parameter "60 °C" blinks on the ▶ Press (SET screen.

▶ Press (+) (−) button, to adjust the turn-off

temperature, adjustable range: (MIIN3+2°C~95°C), factory set is : 60°C

(ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, Press parameters are saved automatically.

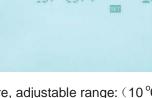
## 5.10.4 MIN3 Minimum turn-on temperature of solid fuel boiler

#### Setup steps:

To select submenu MIN3, "MIN3 30°C" displays on the screen.

button, parameter "30 °C" blinks on the ▶ Press (SET) screen.





► Press + - button, to adjust the turn-off temperature, adjustable range: (10 °C~ MAX3-2 °C) ,factory set is : 30 °C

▶ Press ESC button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

## 5.11 FUN Auxiliary function

The auxiliary functions of this controller can be set under "FUN" menu; it is possible to activate several auxiliary functions at the same time.

#### Note:

Sometimes, your selected function needs an extra signal input to connect temperature sensor or an extra output to connect pump or electromagnetic valve. When all inputs and outputs have been occupied, function you selected may not be available for activating. In such case, you can't see the submenu options. For different system, activated or deactivated statuses for following auxiliary functions in submenu are different.

Submenu under FUN	Description	Paragraph
DVWG	Anti legionnaires' function	5.11.1
AHO	Auto thermostat function	5.11.2
COOL	Tank cooling function	5.11.3
BYPA	Bypass (high temperature)	5.11.4
PDELA	Circuit pump delay triggering function	5.11.5

Following submenu can be accessed through menu "FUN"

#### 5.11.1 DVWG Anti legionnaires' function

### Description:

In order to avoid occurring bacteria in water tank when the temperature of tank is lower for a long time, controller will check the temperature of tank every 7 days in a period automatically, if the temperature of tank is never over  $70^{\circ}$ C during this period, then at the factory default time of 01:00 on Sunday of the period auxiliary heating system is triggered automatically to heat water until it rises up to  $70^{\circ}$ C ( this is factory default set, impossible to reset), bacteria is killed by high temperature, thereafter function is deactivated.

### Setup steps:

To select submenu DVWG, "DVWG ----" displays on screen. Default set is "----".

▶ Press SET button, parameter"" blinks on the screen.	
► Repress SET button, function is triggered. And then "70°C" blinks on the screen.	
▶ Press + - button to adjust this temperature,	
adjustable range is: $(5 \sim 95 \degree C)$ .	
► Press Esc button to exit the menu or wait for 20	

► Press Esc button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

Note: In system SCH21-24, it is default set no anti-legionalle function, not possible to adjust.

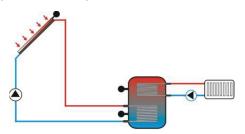
# 5.11.2 AHO Auto thermostat function Description:

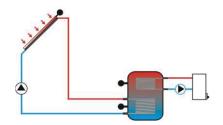
Thermostat function keeps the tank temperature is always same, it is independent of the solar system's operation; when tank temperature is below the switch-on temperature (ATO) of this function, the function controls to trigger back-up heating device. When tank is overheated, this function will transfer heat energy from tank to other place, and ensure tank temperature is constant. For this function it is necessary to install an extra electromagnetic valve or a circuit pump R2 (detailed see in 4.6 system description)

#### Note:

When AHO<AHF: This function is used to control back-up heating. When AHO>AHF: This function is used to transfer energy from tank to other place, control tank temperature is constant.

2 application example:





Release energy from tank

Heat tank to constant temperature

#### Setup steps:

To select menu AHO, "AHO ----" displays on the screen.

Press SET button, parameter "----"blinks. Factory set "----".
 Repress SET button, to activate this function, and

parameter "50°C"blinks on the screen.

► Press + - button to adjust switch-on temperature of thermostat function, adjustable range (2~95 °C)

► Press (ESC) button to exit menu.

▶ Press → button, "AHF 55°C" displays, parameter "55°C" blinks, and factory set "55°C"

▶ Press ↔ → → button to adjust switch-off temperature of thermostat function, adjustable range (2~95 °C)



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

- Signal blinks on the screen, it indicates AHO function is activated.

## 5.11.3 COOL Tank cooling function

### **Description:**

Tank high temperature cooling function is independent of solar system's operation, this function is used to maintains the tank with a constant temperature, so extra energy in tank will be transferred to other devices, to achieve this function, it is necessary to add a electromagnetic valve or a circuit pump R2 (see detailed in 4.6 system description), the corresponding tank is tank 1, its temperature is monitored by T2.

## For example:

The set point of tank high temperature cooling function is  $70^{\circ}$ C, then when tank temperature (T2) rises up to  $71^{\circ}$ C, tank cooling function is activated, electromagnetic valve or circuit pump and DT circuit pump (P1) are triggered at the same time; when tank temperature (T2) drops to  $67^{\circ}$ C, electromagnetic valve or circuit pump and DT circuit pump (P1) are ceased at the same time.

## Setup steps:

To select submenu COOL, "COOL ----" displays on screen.

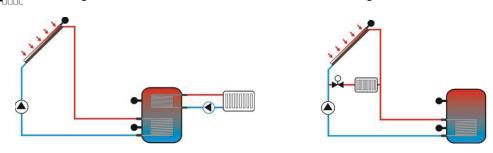
► Press SET button, "----"blinks on the screen, default set is "---."

► Repress (SET) button, to activate cooling function, and "COOL 95°C" displays on the screen, ("95°C" blinks)



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

This signal blinks on the screen; it indicates tank cooling function is activated.



Application example for reference

#### 5.11.4 BYPR Bypass (high temperature)

#### Description: refer to the system description in 4.6

Through a bypass electromagnetic valve R2, collector can be switched to heat tank directly or to preheat the pipe between collector and tank, the conditions for trigger this function:

At the case that the temperature difference between collector T1 and tank T2 caters the switch-on DT ( $\Delta$ T1),

When bypass temperature T5 > tank temperature + switch-off DT +  $2^{\circ}$ C, electromagnetic valve R2 will switch to heat tank.

When bypass temperature T5 < tank temperature + switch-off DT, electromagnetic valve R2 will switch to heat pipe.

### Setup steps:

To select submenu BYPR, "BYPR OFF" displays on the screen.

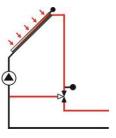
► Press (SET) button, "OFF" blinks on the screen, default set is "OFF"

► Repress (SET) button, to activate by-pass function, "BYPR ON" displays on the screen, ("ON" blinks)

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



This signal blinks on the screen; it indicates by-pass function is activated.



Application example for reference

**Note:** when one of three functions (BYPR, AHO, and COOL) is activated, then the other two functions are closed automatically.

### 5.11.5 PDELA Circuit pump delay triggering function

Description:

Considering to the trigger-on time of electrical valve, this function will trigger the circuit pump after a few seconds. If this function is activated, circuit pump will be triggered after 20 seconds.



#### Setup steps:

To select submenu PDELA, "PDELA OFF" displays on the screen.

► Press (SET) button, "OFF" blinks on the screen, default set is "OFF"

► Repress (SET) button, to activate pump delay function, "PDELA ON" displays on the screen, ("ON" blinks)

► Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



**Note:** PDELA pump delay function is only used in the system that it follows an electromagnetic valve control.

#### 5.12 OSDC SD card data save function

#### Description:

Put the SD card in the groove, data is logged immediately. Then under menu of the OSDC card, "OSDC ON" displays automatically, it means data is logging, the interval of data log can be set. If card is full, then data logging is stopped, and CFULL displays on the screen.

#### 5.12.1 OSDC card function switch-on and off

#### Setup steps:

To select menu OSDC "OSDC" displays on the screen.

▶ Press (SET) button, "OSDC OFF" appears, in this case, data isn't saved.

► Repress (SET) button, "OFF" blinks on the screen, factory default set: "OFF".

► Repress SET button again to activate this function, and "OSDC ON" displays on the screen, start to save data now.

► Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

#### 5.12.2 LOGI Data save intervals

#### **Description:**

By this function, SD card can save data in every 60 seconds (factory default time 60 seconds).

#### Setup steps:

To select menu LOGI "LOGI 60" displays on the screen.



►Press (SET)

button to access program, "LOGI 60" appears and "60" blinks.

▶ Press + → → button to adjust data save interval, adjustable range: 01~1200 seconds.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.

**Note**: if SD card is used, card signal will appears on the screen, if SD card is full, then data log is stopped, and card signal blinks.

Short message Code	Description
FSYS	File system error
NOCRD	NO card
FAT16	Capacity of card is less than 2G
FAT32	Capacity of card is larger than 2G
RTIME	Left log time (in days)
LOGI	Data save interval( in minutes)
LOGG	LOG is possible

## 5.13 UNIT Display unit °C and °F switches Setup steps:

To select menu UNIT, "UNIT" displays on the screen.

► Press SET button to access program, "UNIT °C" appears and "°C" blinks.

▶ Press + button to switch unit between °C and °F , factory set is °C .

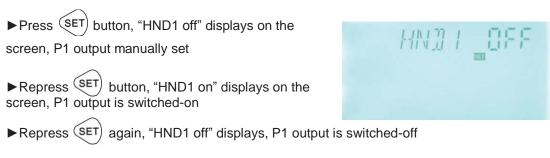
► Press (ESC) button to exit the menu or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically, parameters are saved automatically.



## 5.14 HND Manual control

When using this controller first time or when debugging this controller, output of this controller (P1, P2, P3, P4, R1, R2, H1) can be triggered manually with "On, OFF" control. **Setup steps:** 

To access main menu HND,



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► Press Esc) to exit P1 set program
► Press → button, "HND2 off" displays on the screen, P2 output manually set
► Repress SET button, "HND2 on" displays on the screen, P2 output is switched-on
► Repress SET again, "HND2 off" displays, P2 output is switched-off
► Press Esc) to exit P2 set program
► Press → button, "HND3 off" displays on the screen, P3 output manually set
► Repress SET button, "HND3 on" displays on the screen, P3 output is switched-on
► Repress SET again, "HND3 off" displays, P3 output is switched-off
► Press Esc to exit P3 set program
► Press + button, "HND4 off" displays on the screen, P4 output manually set
► Repress SET button, "HND4 on" displays on the screen, P4 output is switched-on
► Repress SET again, "HND4 off" displays, P4 output is switched-off
Press ESC to exit P4 set program
▶Press + button, "HND5 off" displays on the screen, R1 output manually set
► Repress SET button, "HND5 on" displays on the screen, R1 output is switched-on
► Repress SET again, "HND5 off" displays, R1 output is switched-off
► Press Esc to exit R1 set program
► Press + button, "HND6 off" displays on the screen, R2 output manually set

► Repress (SET) button, "HND6 on" displays on the screen, R2 output is switched-on

► Repress (SET) again, "HND6 off" displays, R2 output is switched-off

- ▶ Press (ESC) to exit R2 set program
- ▶ Press button, "HND7 off" displays on the screen, H1 output manually set
- ▶ Repress (SET) button, "HND7 on" displays on the screen, H1 output is switched-on

► Repress (SET) again, "HND7 off" displays, H1 output is switched-off

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▶ Press (ESC) to exit H1 set program

**Note:** when manual mode is activated, **(**<sup>m</sup>**)** signal displays on the screen, after 15 minutes all outputs are switched-off, controller exits manual mode automatically.

#### 5.15 REST Recovery to factory set

#### Setup steps:

To access main menu REST,

▶ Press (SET) button, "YES" displays on the screen.

► Hold down SET button, buzzer makes "du-----" 3 times, then release SET button and wait for

display recovery to initial interface, that means



controller recovers to factory set, new paramters can be reset now.

▶ Press (ESC) button to exit set program or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically.

## 5.16 PASS Password set

### Setup steps:

To access main menu PASS,

► Press (SET) button, "PWDC 0000" appears, the left digital blinks, ask for entering current password, factory set is "0000"

- ▶ Press (+) → button to enter the first digital
- ► Repress (SET) button, the second digital blinks
- Press + button to enter the second digital
- ► Repress (SET) button, the third digital blinks



- ▶Press( + button to enter the third digital
- button, the fourth digital blinks Repress (SET)
- ▶ Press( + button to enter the fourth digital

▶ Press (SET) button, "PWDN 0000" displays on the screen, ask for entering a new password, doing like above to enter the new password

button, "PWDG 0000" displays on the ▶ Press

screen, ask for reentering the new password, doing like above to reenter the new password, "PWOK" displays on the screen to indicate reentering password successfully.



▶ Press (ESC) button to exit set program or wait for 20 seconds to exit automatically.



## Warning

If the password is forgot, it is not possible to recover, but you can recover the password to factory set, then you can reedit a password like above descript steps, doing like following to recover to factory set.

► Switch-off the power of controller firstly,



and hold it down, then reconnect the power supply.

Buzzer makes "du-----" 3 times, then release W button. Controller recovers to factory set(factory set possword is 0000), a new password can be reset now.

## 5.17 On/OFF button

Under the standby status,

► Press button for 3 seconds; controller is switched off, "OFF" displays on the screen.

button, controller is switched-on again. ► Repress

## 5.18 Holiday function

## **Description:**

This function activates in night, solar liquid will flow from storage tank to collector to cool the tank, and therefore to prevent overheating problem of the solar system due to completely heated storage tank. The function is activated at night between 10 pm and 6 am, when the temperature of collector is 8 °C below the storage tank temperature (T2), solar circuit pump starts to work until the temperature of collector is 2 °C below the tank temperature, and then solar circuit pump is ceased.

#### Activate this function if:

- You intend to be absent for an extended period (holiday)
- No hot water is required for an extended period.

Note: The function is deactivated when the temperature on bottom of tank is below 35 °C.

## Activate/ deactivate this function:

▶ Press ⋓ button for a long time until the signal of holiday function displays on the screen, and then holiday function is activated.

► Repress

button, signal disappears, holiday function is deactivated.

### Note:

This function is only activated when you are not at home for long time, when you come back; please make sure to deactivate it.

## 5.19 Manual heating

### Description:

Electrical heater, gas or oil boiler can be as back-up devices in a solar system, this controller can achieve constant temperature controlling, when temperature of top part tank (T3) is 3 °C below the preset switch-on temperature, back-up heating will be triggered. When the temperature on the top part tank (T3) rises up to the preset temperature, then heating is ceased.

Conditions for triggering manual heating function: the preset switch-on temperature of this function should be 3 °C higher than tank temperature.

## Activate/deactivate the function:

► Press

button, temperature "60 °C" blinks on the screen.

▶ Press (+) (-) button to adjust switch-on temperature, adjustable range 10 °C~80 °C, factory set is 60 °C.

After 20 seconds, this function is activated, signal (1) displays on the screen, and heating signal (1) blinks also.

► Press

button again, to switch-off manual heating function.

**Note:** manual heating can only heat tank one time, after manual heating is triggered, when temperature of tank rises up to the preset temperature, manual heating ceases, and manual heating function will be deactivated automatically, if customer wants to heat again, you need redo according to above steps.

## 5.20 Temperature query function

Under standby status,

▶ Press + → button, you can check the value of temperature sensors T0~ T7, pump speed (n%), accumulative operation time of circuit pump (Hp), daily thermal energy (DKWH), accumulative thermal energy (KWH) or (MWH), time and date. When checking temperature, T0 – T7 displays one by one, corresponding sensor signal -

blinks. TST means the temperature of tank 1.

▶ Press (ESC) button, TST: tank 1 temperature displays.

### Note:

- Since the difference of selected system, the values you can check are different.
- accumulative operation time of circuit pump (Hp), Daily thermal energy (DKWH) and accumulative thermal energy (KWH) or (MWH) can only be checked after triggering of OHQM thermal energy measuring function.

## 6. Protection function

## 6.1. Memory protection

In case power failure occurs, controller keeps the parameter settings unchanged.

## 6.2 Screen protection

When no any press on button for 3 minutes, screen protection is activated automatically, and then LCD lighting lamp is switched-off. Through press any button to light LCD lamp again.

## 7. Trouble shooting

## 7.1 Trouble protection

**a**. When there is a break or short circuit between the connection of temperature sensors, controller switches off the corresponding functions and no more output signals are given, at the same time error signals 2  $\Delta$  show on the display. If controller does not work correctly, please check following points.

▶ Press + - button to check error code,  $\checkmark$   $\land$  signal displays on the LCD screen

Error message	CODE Meaning	Cause of error	Error rectification
/ л то	T0 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
	Thermal measuring function is triggered	T0 not connected	Connect T0 or switch-off function (OHQM)
Ϊ Δ <sup>τ1</sup> ···	T1 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
Ϊ Δ <sup>τ2</sup> ···	T2 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
Х 🔬 та …	Appears in system with layer heated tank	T3 sensor not connected	Connect T3 sensor or switch to other system
<b>/ (</b> <sup>T4</sup> ····	T4 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
۲۶۰۰۰ 🖍 ۲۵۰۰۰	T5 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
	AHO, BYPA or SMAXS sensor is set to 05.	T5 sensor not connected	Connect T3 sensor, deactivate functions(AHO、 BYPA) or change SMAXS set to: 04
Г 🔬 тө	T6 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
Ϊ Δ ™	T7 sensor problem	Sensor wiring short or open	Check resistance value or replace
	SFB function is activated	T7 sensor not connected	Connect T7 sensor, or deactivate function (SFB)

## 7.2 Trouble checking

The controller is a qualified product, which is conceived for years of continuous trouble-free operation. If a problem occurs, the most of causes is from the peripheral components but no relation with controller itself. The following description of some well-known problems should help the installer and operator to isolate the problem, so that the system can be put into operation as quickly as possible and to avoid unnecessary costs. Of course, not all possible problems can be listed here. However, most of the normal problems encountered with the controller can be found in the list below, only return the controller to seller when you are absolutely sure that none of the problems listed below is responsible for the fault.

Symptoms	Secondary symptoms	Possible cause	Procedure
Controller does not appear to function at all	Display shows nothing, no display illumination	Controller power supply is interrupted	Check the controller power cable and fuse.
The solar pump doesn't operate, despite the fact that switch-on conditions are satisfied	The pump symbol on the display blinks	Pump power supply is interrupted	Check the pump power cable
Solar circuit pump doesn't operate	The pump symbol in the display doesn't blink.	The maximum storage tank temperature (SMX1) has been reached The maximum collector temperature (EM) has been reached.	No fault
	Error message displays on the screen	Sensor fault (short circuit or open circuit)	Check values of every connected sensor; replace all defective sensors and /or cabling.
The solar pumps operated, despite the fact that the switch-on conditions are not satisfied	The pump symbol on the display blinks.	Holiday function or Frost protection function or tank re-cooling function is activated.	No problem, it is normal. If necessary to deactivate the corresponding functions.
One function can't be activated	no function selected in submenu	All inputs and outputs are used; inputs and outputs can't be used doubly.	No fault on controller



## Warning!

Remove the device from the mains supply before opening the case

A potentially defective sensor can be checked using an ohmmeter. To do this, the sensor must be disconnected, its resistance measured, and the value compared with the figures in the table below, small deviation  $(\pm 1\%)$  is acceptable,

### PT1000 resistance value

°C	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Ω	1000	1039	1077	1116	1155	1194	1232	1270	1309	1347	1385	1422	1460

#### NTC 10K B=3950 resistance value

°C	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Ω	33620	20174	12535	8037	5301	3588	2486	1759	1270	933	697	529	407

## 8. Quality Guarantee

Manufacturer provides following quality responsibilities to end-users: within the period of quality responsibilities, manufacturer will exclude the failure caused by production and material selection. A correct installation will not lead to failure. When a user takes incorrect handling way, incorrect installation, improper or crud handling, wrong connection of sensor in system and incorrect operation, the quality responsibility is invalid for them.

The warrantee expires within 24 months after the date of purchasing the controller.

A01: sensor for collector	PT1000, Φ6*50mm	
A02: sensor for tank and pipe	NTC10K, B=3950, Φ6*50	CR.
A05 : stainless steel thermowell	Parameter: 1/2' ΟΤ, Φ8*200	
SR802: unit for high power electrical heater	Dimension:100mmx100mmx65mm Power supply: AC180V ~ 264V, 50/60Hz Suitable power: ≤ 4000W Available ambient temperature: -10 ~ 50°C Waterproof grade: IP43	Brance  Brance    Brance  Brance

## 9. Device matchable to this controller

## SR802 connection diagram:

